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# Consumer Test

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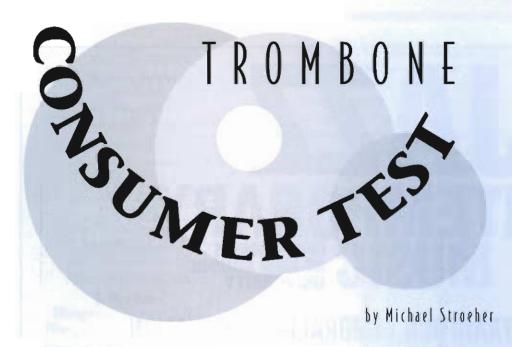
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### INTRODUCTION

n Sunday at 9:00 o.m. at the recent ITF, three players and about 30 listeners took port in a Trombone Consumer Test in the University of North Texas Concert Hall. The consumer test was inspired by and based on a 1994 British Trombone Society triol of nine symphonic tenor trombanes. In the British study, five professional trambonists rated the instruments for slide action, ease of playing, high and low registers,

and sound characteristics.

## **PROCEDURE**

The instruments examined were a Bach 42T with a standard slide, yellow bross bell and standard leadpipe and Theyer valve; a Conn 88HK with a rose brass bell, SL 4747 slide (straight .547 bore), stendard leadpipe and CL 2000

present study was not to ronk the instruments, as was done in the British study, but to provide a profile of playing

sound quality, and general impression. The intention of the volve; an Edwards T350 with an 8.5-inch yellaw brass bell, **BRASS INSTRUMENT REPAIR** SPECIALIZING IN Restoration & Custom Work FOR TROMBONE PLAYERS SLIDE ALIGNMENT **CUSTOM MODIFICATIONS** CHEMICAL CLEAN **OVERHAULS** APPOINTMENT ONLY 12094 Clark Rd. Chardon, OH 44024 (440) 286-5612

T1 leadpipe and Thayer valve; a Thein GIII with a 9 1/16 inch gold brass .014 inch thick bell with a Kranz, standard leadpipe and Hagmann volve; o Weril G. Gagliardi GG81 with a one-piece nickel-silver bell, no. 1 leadpipe and a clased-wrap ratary volve; and a Yamaho YSL 682B with heavy-gauge gold bross bell, standard leadpipe and new valve design. Each instrument was randomly assigned an identification letter from A to F.

To disguise the physical feel of the instruments, players wore work gloves while playing, and the instruments' neckpipes were wrapped with light pocking foam secured with tape. In order to prevent listeners from identifying instruments, players remained behind a screen until the canclusian of the study.

In order to prevent players from identifying the brand of the instrument, each player was blindfolded prior to testing an instrument and remained so until the instrument was removed by the monitor. After being blindfalded and handed an instrument, each tester played each instrument for about one minute using musical materials of his own chaice. At the conclusion of the ane-minute test, the player handed the instrument to the monitar, who replaced it on a stand. Only when the instrument was returned to the stand did the player remove the blindfold, turn around and fill out the rating sheet. The player then folded and stopled the sheet before handing it to the attendant, who placed the sheet in on envelope labeled with the instrument letter only.

Players roted each instrument on a 1-5 scale for the following factors: 1) Bolance/Comfort; 2) Slide oction; 3) Response at soft dynamics; 4) Response at loud dynamics; 5) Resistance at loud dynamics; 6) Resistence at soft dynamics; 7) Response consistency; 8) Tone quality; 9) Tone center; 10) Tone consistency.

Approximately 30 trombonists participated as listeners, rating the instruments on the same 5-point scale, but with respect to 1) Tone quality in the low register; 2) Tone quality in the high register; 3) Tone quality at soft dynamics; 4) Tone quality at loud dynamics; 5) Tone center at soft dynamics; 6) Tane center at loud dynamics; 7) Tone projection; 8) Tone consistency: 9) General impression.

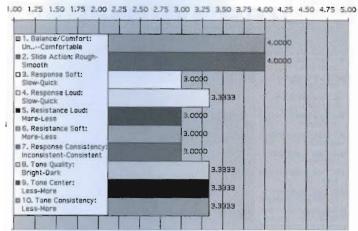
# **DATA ANALYSIS AND RESULTS**

While analyzing the date from the surveys, I had no knowledge of the correspondence between instrument brands and the assigned letters. Analysis was performed with Microsoft Excel; numbers indicate averages for each of the rated criteria. The accompanying graphs show the results of the surveys of both the players and the listeners.

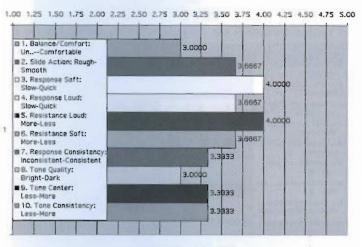
# INTERPRETATION AND IMPLICATIONS FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATION

The present study was an effort to develop a prafile of the ploying and tone characteristics of the instruments exomined, not to rate or rank the monufacturers ar the instruments. Different players laak for different attributes; a trombonist who performs mostly solo or chamber music will look for a different set of characteristics from the second trombonist in a major symphony. The intention is to assist

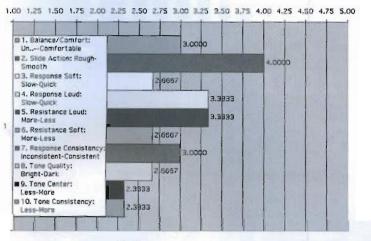
# Player Evaluation: Bach



#### Player Evaluation: Conn



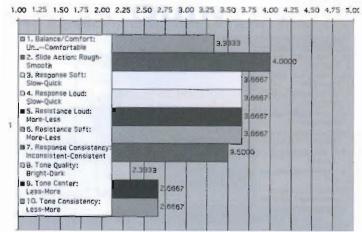
Player Evaluation: Edwards



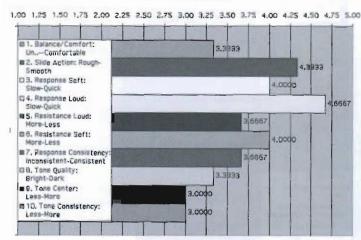
trombonists in making informed choices when shopping for an instrument. Perhaps manufacturers will be able to use these results to continue improving instruments.

In interpreting the numbers and graphs, the reader should not assume higher numbers are good and lower numbers are bad. The values indicate a location on a continuum of less to more resistance or bright to dork, for example. The ideal instrument is not necessarily the one with the highest numbers, either on the listener or the player scale. The ideal instrument is the one which best meets the individual player's needs.

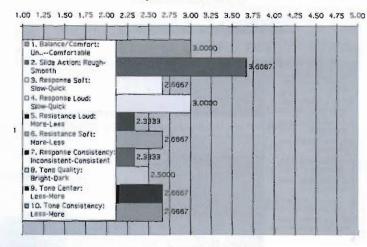
#### Player Evaluation: Thein



Player Evaluation: Weril



Player Evaluation: Yamaha

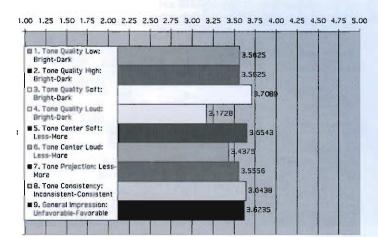


In on effort not to compare "apples and oranges," this study was limited to .547 bore symphonic trambones, evaluated by symphonic trambonists. The same procedure and design can be applied to small- and medium-bore studia/jazz instruments, bass trambanes, and alte trambones.

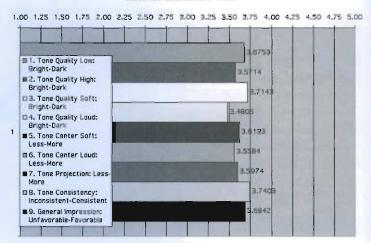
The results of this test should not be considered a conclusive at definitive description of the characteristics of the different brands. Indeed, the number of aptions available from some manufacturers makes it passible far the buyer to design a custom instrument. It would be another interesting survey to test the effect that bell moterial, leadgipe design, slide weight, dual vs. single bore has an sound and playing characteristics.

Time constraints in the execution of this consumer test, limited os it was to opproximately one haur, made it necessary to limit the number of player-testers to only three. In order for such an investigation to be statistically valid, the number of player-testers would have to be greater than the number of instruments tested. Therefore, the player results cannot be considered conclusive. I would urge I.T.A. and the manufacturers to cooperate in a statistically valid investigation at some future conference.

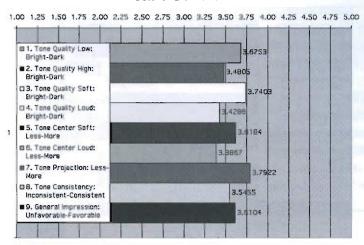
#### Listener Evaluation: Bach



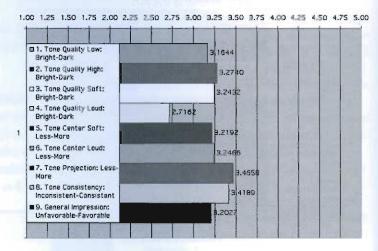
#### Listener Evaluation: Thein



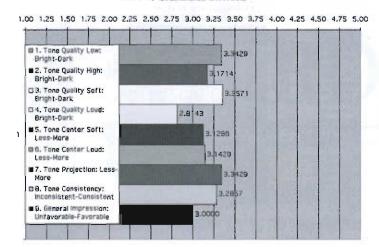
#### Listener Evaluation: Conn.



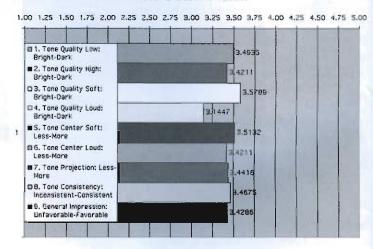
#### Listener Evaluation: Weril



#### Listener Evaluation: Edwards



#### Listener Evaluation: Yamaha



# **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

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bonist of the Notional Symphony and professor of trombone at the Eastman School of Music. We also thank the representatives from Bach, Conn, Edwards, Thein, Weril and Yamaha far the use of the instruments used in the test. Thonks also to Denis Wick for his advice and encauragement, to ITF director Tany Baker, stage manager Matt Lennex and test manitar Tyrone Black, and especially to Vem Kagarice who was the mativation behind this study.

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